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**AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS** 

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the

application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

1. (previously presented): A heat-decaying material comprising a polyoxyalkylene

resin as the principal ingredient thereof, which has an oxygen atom content of from 15 to 55 %

by mass, and a decomposition promoter;

and of which at least 95 % by weight decays within 10 minutes when heated at a

predetermined temperature falling between 150 and 350°C.

2. (original): The heat-decaying material as claimed in claim 1, wherein the

polyoxyalkylene resin is polyoxypropylene, polyoxyethylene, polyoxytetramethylene, or a mixed

resin of polyoxypropylene, polyoxyethylene and/or polyoxytetramethylene.

3. (original): The heat-decaying material as claimed in claim 2, wherein the

polyoxypropylene content of the mixed resin is at least 50 % by mass.

4. (previously presented): The heat-decaying material as claimed in claim 1,

wherein the polyoxyalkylene resin has a number-average molecular weight of from 500 to

5,000,000.

5. (cancelled).

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6. (previously presented): The heat-decaying material as claimed in claim 1, wherein the decomposition promoter is a peroxide.

- 7. (previously presented): The heat-decaying material as claimed in claim 1, wherein the decomposition promoter is an azo compound.
- 8. (previously presented): The heat-decaying material as claimed in claim 1, wherein the decomposition promoter is tin oxide.
  - 9-10. (cancelled).
- 11. (previously presented): The heat-decaying material as claimed in claim 1, which decays when heated in an oxygen-containing atmosphere at a predetermined temperature falling between 150 and 300°C.
- 12. (original): The heat-decaying material as claimed in claim 1, which decays when heated in an anaerobic atmosphere at a predetermined temperature falling between 150 and 350°C.
- 13. (original): The heat-decaying material as claimed in claim 1, which decays when heated under reduced pressure within 5 minutes at a predetermined temperature falling between 150 and 350°C.

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14. (previously presented): A heat-decaying material of a heat-decaying sheet which is composed of the heat-decaying material of claim 1 and which keeps its sheet form at a temperature of 100°C or lower.

- 15. (original): The heat-decaying material as claimed in claim 14, wherein the polyoxyalkylene resin is not crosslinked and has a number-average molecular weight of from 5000 to 5,000,000.
- 16. (original): The heat-decaying material as claimed in claim 14, wherein the heat-decaying sheet contains a crosslinked polyoxyalkylene resin.
- 17. (original): The heat-decaying material as claimed in claim 16, wherein the crosslinked polyoxyalkylene resin is formed by crosslinking a crosslinkable functional group-having polymer that contains segments of a crosslinkable functional group-having polyalkylene glycol or polyoxyalkylene, with a crosslinking agent.
- 18. (original): The heat-decaying material as claimed in claim 14, wherein the heat-decaying sheet contains an uncrosslinked polymer that contains segments of an uncrosslinked polyalkylene glycol or polyoxyalkylene.

19. (previously presented): The heat-decaying material as claimed in claim 14, wherein the heat-decaying sheet is reinforced with a substrate.

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20. (previously presented): A heat-decaying material comprising the heat-decaying material of claim 1, which contains a crosslinkable functional group-having polymer that contains segments of a crosslinkable functional group-having polyoxyalkylene glycol or polyoxyalkylene, and a crosslinking agent, and which has a viscosity at 20°C of from 1 to 5,000,000 mPa·s.

- 21. (original): The heat-decaying material as claimed in claim 20, which contains at most 30 % by mass of a polymerizable unsaturated group-having compound.
- 22. (original): The heat-decaying material as claimed in claim 20, which has a viscosity at 20°C of from 1 to 100 mPa·s.
- 23. (original): The heat-decaying material as claimed in claim 20, which has a viscosity at 20°C of from 500 to 100,000 mPa·s.
- 24. (original): The heat-decaying material as claimed in claim 20, which has a viscosity at 20°C of from 20 to 1000 mPa·s.
- 25. (previously presented): The heat-decaying material as claimed in claim 17, wherein the crosslinkable functional group is at least one selected from a hydrolyzing silyl group, an isocyanate group, an epoxy group, an oxetanyl group, an acid anhydride group, a carboxyl group, a hydroxyl group, and a polymerizable unsaturated hydrocarbon group.

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26. (currently amended): The heat-decaying material as claimed in claim 14, which decays in at a temperature atmosphere falling between 150 and 220°C.

- 27. (currently amended): The heat-decaying material as claimed in claim 14, which decays in at a temperature atmosphere falling between 220 and 280°C.
- 28. (currently amended): The heat-decaying material as claimed in claim 14, which decays in at a temperature atmosphere falling between 280 and 350°C.
- 29. (currently amended): The heat-decaying material as claimed in claim 20, wherein the a cured product of the material decays in at a temperature atmosphere falling between 150 and 220°C.
- 30. (currently amended): The heat-decaying material as claimed in claim 20, wherein the a cured product of the material decays in at a temperature atmosphere falling between 220 and 280°C.
- 31. (currently amended): The heat-decaying material as claimed in claim 20, wherein a cured product of the material decays in at a temperature atmosphere falling between 280 and 350°C.
  - 32. (original): A method for producing a porous material, which comprises:

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a step of preparing a precursor that contains a skeleton-forming crosslinkable material (a) and the heat-decaying material (b) of claim 1 that comprises a polyoxyalkylene resin as the principal ingredient thereof and decomposes and evaporates when heated;

a step of heating the precursor at a temperature not lower than the temperature at which the heat-decaying material (b) decays under heat;

a step of crosslinking the crosslinkable material before or during the heating to form a skeleton phase,

and in which the heat-decaying material (b) decays in the crosslinked material to give a porous material having a large number of pores surrounded by the skeleton phase.

- 33. (original): A transfer sheet constructed by adhering a transfer object on a heat-decaying adhesive resin layer that comprises the heat-decaying material of claim 1.
- 34. (original): A patterning method, which comprises a step of forming a heat-decaying resin film of the heat-decaying material of claim 1 on the surface of a substrate to be processed, and a step of selectively applying thermal energy to the heat-decaying resin film so as to decay the heat-decaying resin film in the thermal energy-irradiated area to thereby form a pattern of the heat-decaying resin film.
  - 35. (original): A patterning method, which comprises:

a step of forming a heat-decaying resin film of the heat-decaying material of claim 1 on the surface of a substrate to be processed;

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a step of transferring a pattern formed in a photomask to the heat-decaying resin material through exposure of the material to light; and

a step of heating the heat-decaying resin film after the exposure transfer step for selectively decaying the heat-decaying resin film in the region not exposed to light in the previous exposure transfer step to thereby form a pattern of the heat-decaying resin film.

36. (previously presented): The heat-decaying material as claimed in claim 20, wherein the crosslinkable functional group is at least one selected from a hydrolyzing silyl group, an isocyanate group, an epoxy group, an oxetanyl group, an acid anhydride group, a carboxyl group, a hydroxyl group, and a polymerizable unsaturated hydrocarbon group.

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